Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session

Ø	Original		Updated		Corrected		Supplemental
LRB	Number	05-2512/1		Introd	duction Num	ber S	B-235
Subjec							
Treat p	roperty tax a	as deduction to	income for pu	urpose of Seni	ior Care eligibility	/	
Fiscal	Effect				<u> </u>		
	No State Fiscondeterminate Increase I Appropria Decrease Appropria Create Ne	e Existing ations Existing	Reve	ease Existing enues rease Existing enues	to abs		- May be possible agency's budget ⊠No
Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Decrease Revenue Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts Districts							
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations ☑ GPR ☑ FED ☑ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG ☐ SEGS 20.435(4)(bv),(4)(j),(4)(jb),(4)(pg)							
Agency	y/Prepared I	Ву		Authorized S	ignature		Date
DHFS/ Curtis Cunningham (608) 266-5362 Andy Forsaith (608) 266-7684 9/19						9/19/2005	

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DHFS 9/20/2005

LRB Number 05-2512/1	Introduction Number	SB-235	Estimate Type	Original		
Subject						
Treat property tax as deduction to income for purpose of Senior Care eligibility						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Currently, when calculating an individual's income for the SeniorCare eligibility and benefit level, property tax payments are not deducted from an individual's income. Senate Bill 235 requires DHFS, when determining a person's annual household income for purposes of determining SeniorCare eligibility and benefits, to deduct the amount that the person paid in property taxes on his or her primary residence in the previous 12 months.

To implement the provisions of Senate Bill 235, DHFS would need to apply to the federal Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services (CMS) to amend the current federal SeniorCare waiver. The waiver allows the state to receive over \$55 million per year in federal Medicaid funds to support the SeniorCare program. CMS could reject the amendment or require changes in the budget neutrality provisions in the waiver as a condition of approving the amendment, which would put at risk the \$55 million FED the state currently receives. To avoid this risk, the bill could be amended to make the provision contingent on approval of the waiver amendment. This estimate however, assumes the state will continue to receive federal funding.

Based on 2003 tax data, it is estimated Senate Bill 235 would increase SeniorCare enrollment by 16,669 individuals due to the application of the property tax deduction. In addition, the bill will result in many current SeniorCare enrollees qualifying for benefits at a lower income level. It is estimated that this change will move 3,618 current SeniorCare enrollees who qualify at benefit levels above 160% of the federal poverty level (FPL) to qualify for benefits below 160% of the FPL. Therefore, these enrollees would no longer be subject to spend down and deductible requirements. For instance, an enrollee who is currently in the 200-240% FPL has an \$850 annual deductible. If an individual's income is below 160% of the FPL there is no deductible requirement. If Senate Bill 235 is implemented, the enrollee may reapply to avoid the deductible requirement.

The benefit costs of this proposal are dependent on when newly eligible seniors apply for the program and when existing SeniorCare enrollees who have a change in income and benefit level reapply for the new benefit level. Assuming the provision is implemented on January 1, 2006, new enrollees phase in over six months, and all existing enrollees with a benefit change re-apply January 1, 2006, this proposal would increase SeniorCare benefit costs by \$5,846,500 AF (\$2,638,600 GPR) in FY06 and \$23,575,500 AF (\$11,476,100 GPR) in FY07. If it is instead assumed that existing enrollees re-enroll when their current benefit period expires, the proposal would increase SeniorCare benefit costs by \$5,461,000 AF (\$2,769,700 GPR) in FY06 and \$23,436,800 AF (\$11,541,600 GPR) in FY07. The annualized fiscal impact of either scenario would increase SeniorCare benefit costs by \$23,575,500 AF (\$11,476,100 GPR).

In addition to the benefit costs, this proposal will increase administrative costs. Senate Bill 235 will require the Department to evaluate eligibility of 16,669 additional cases. The additional cases will require extra time to validate entries after applications are electronically scanned, answering questions concerning the property tax amount from enrollees, conducting additional quality control activities, and processing additional claims. In addition to the on-going administrative costs there will be one-time costs in FY06 of \$70,000 PR to change the Client Assistance for Re-employment and Economic Support (CARES) System and \$10,000 PR to change the scanning template and application forms.

Enrollees are required to pay an annual enrollment fee of \$30 to support administrative costs. The increase in enrollment will generate \$500,100 PR annually in enrollment fee revenues to support administrative costs. Based on historical SeniorCare administrative costs it is estimated that the additional administrative costs will be approximately equal to the additional enrollment fee revenue.

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2005 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental							
LRB Number 05-2512/1	Introduction Num	ber SB-235							
Subject									
Treat property tax as deduction to income for purpose of Senior Care eligibility									
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in annualized fiscal effect):									
The estimate includes one time costs in FY06 of \$70,000 PR to change the Client Assistance for Re-									
employment and Economic Support (CARES) System and \$10,000 PR to change the scanning									
template and application forms.									
II. Annualized Costs:		Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:							
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs							
A. State Costs by Category									
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$								
(FTE Position Changes)									
State Operations - Other Costs	500,100								
Local Assistance									
Aids to Individuals or Organizations	23,575,500								
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$24,075,600	\$							
B. State Costs by Source of Funds									
GPR	11,476,100								
FED	12,099,400								
PRO/PRS	500,100								
SEG/SEG-S									
III. State Revenues - Complete this only wrevenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in	vhen proposal will increase or license fee. ets.)	decrease state							
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev							
GPR Taxes	\$	\$							
GPR Earned									
FED									
PRO/PRS (20.435(4)(jb))	500,100								
SEG/SEG-S									
TOTAL State Revenues	\$500,100	\$							
NET ANNU	ALIZED FISCAL IMPACT								
	<u>State</u>	Local							
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$24,075,600	\$							
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$500,100	\$							
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date							
DHFS/ Curtis Cunningham (608) 266-5362	Andy Forsaith (608) 266-7684	9/19/2005							